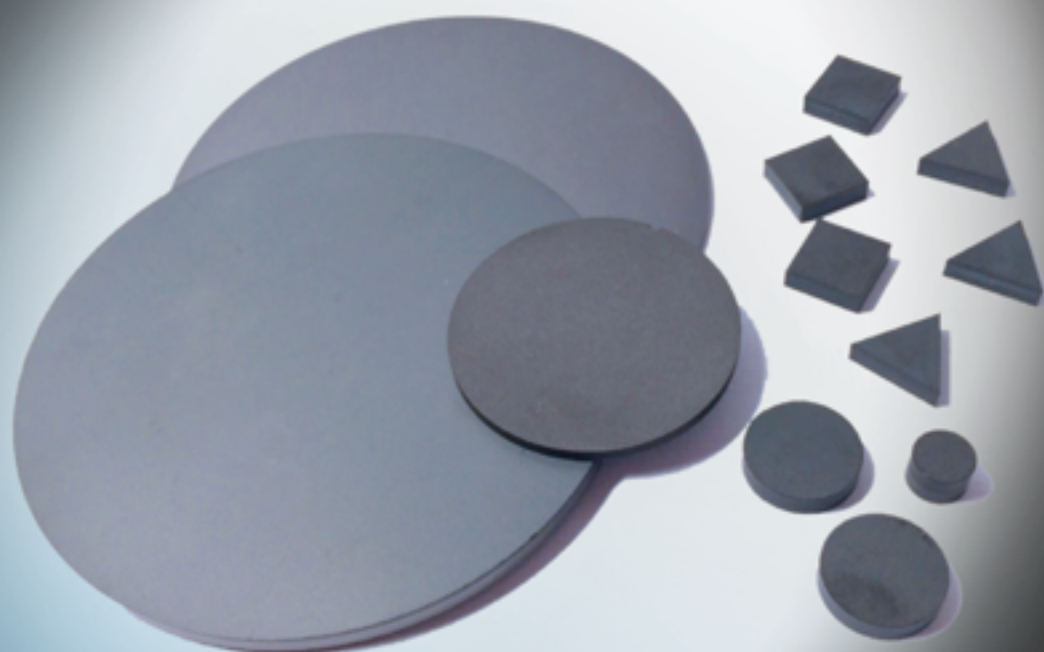


CUTTING TOOL ENGINEERING®

95 Years

LACH
DIAMANT 



„Poly - poly - or what?“

How new super hard cutting
materials revolutionized machining

Poly – poly – or what?

How new super hard cutting materials revolutionised machining

Horst Lach, managing director and CEO of LACH DIAMANT recently agreed to write an ongoing series of articles about the development of diamond and CBN tools and grinding wheels in modern industries. The occasion: LACH DIAMANT's 96th anniversary in the run up to GrindTec and AMB 2018.

Horst Lach is known as a true industry veteran and we are delighted to have this pioneer of technology share some insights from 55 years of professional experience in the diamond tool business.

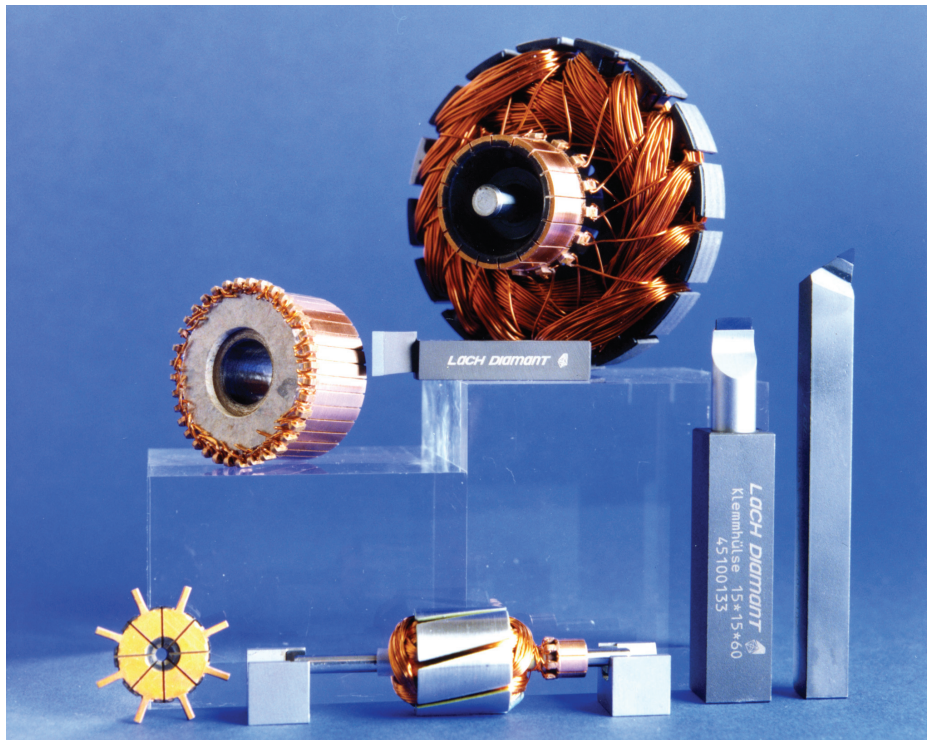
In this article, Horst Lach looks back to the time between April 26th and May 4th of 1973 when new super hard cutting materials revolutionised machining:

The introduction of our Borazon™ CBN grinding wheel was still in full swing when I received information from General Electric in 1972 that a new cutting material would be coming soon. What could it be? Naturally all of us were curious. After all, it was the run-up to the 1973 Hanover Trade Show in April. A new cutting material meant another chance to showcase another innovation, like Borazon, as one of the first companies, or the first, worldwide. After successfully introducing the new abrasive, I expected preferential treatment compared to other competitors. Answers to my requests for first samples or test materials were delayed. It was already March 1973. Despite the secrecy of General Electric, I managed to pick up on two little clues: "Compact and poly."

Poly - poly - or what?

I was fascinated by the possibilities that seemed to open up on an almost daily basis in regard to the new Borazon CBN grinding wheels. At first, I thought that "compact and poly" might refer to compressed cubic boron nitride. That would have been great for LACH DIAMANT, since we already had a lot of experience with the Borazon CBN grinding wheel: grinding of high-alloyed hardened steel and HSS; compact CBN; turning instead of grinding – fantastic.

As it happened, we then also received a request from DEW (German Edelstahlwerke). They wanted to know whether LACH DIAMANT could offer any



tools for machining DEW's material "Ferrotitanit". The new and compact CBN material was so exciting for DEW's management that two of their CEO's paid us a visit only a few days later.

They must have been very disappointed when I had to tell them about three weeks later that we would use not a CBN material but a polycrystalline block of synthetic diamonds. The term "PCD", polycrystalline diamond, was born. To be honest, I was a bit disappointed too, at first.

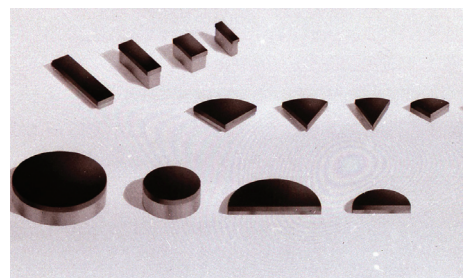
Disappointed, but then ...

Compact CBN would have been something to work with immediately. But a "diamond block" as substitute for natural diamonds? At the time, in April 1973, we employed about 20 grinders for natural diamond for the production and service of natural turning diamonds for customers like Bosch, AEG, Siemens, Menke and others. Should we now switch completely to synthetic diamond blocks? We would have to find new customers. But how and where? At the time, the only way to find new potential customers was via the ABC of German Industries, a handbook of national companies.

I found one Swiss commutator

manufacturer named "Kautt & Bux". I called them and found out something surprising: Commutators are not turned, but ground in a very time-consuming procedure. At least that was the case in 1973.

Out of pure instinct, I spontaneously explained that they could save several minutes of grinding time if they would instead replace this procedure with turning using the new PCD turning steel; they were impressed and promised to visit our stand at the Hanover Trade Show. At this point, my suggestions were only of a theoretical nature, since we did not have the material yet. But in the hope of a timely delivery for the production of the first PCD turning steel, we planned to set up a Weiler turning machine at our stand in order to do a demo presentation on it.

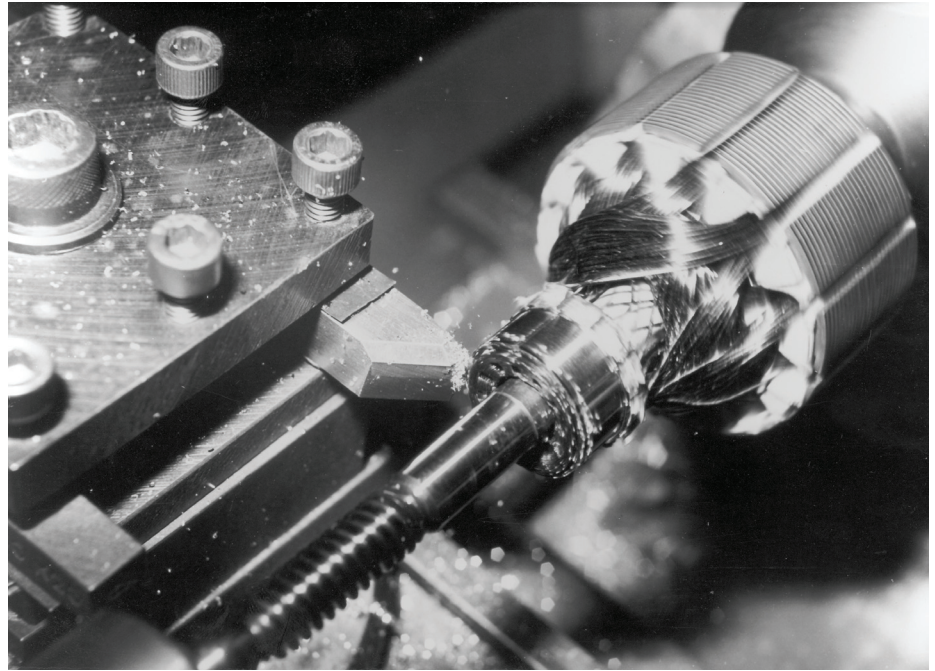
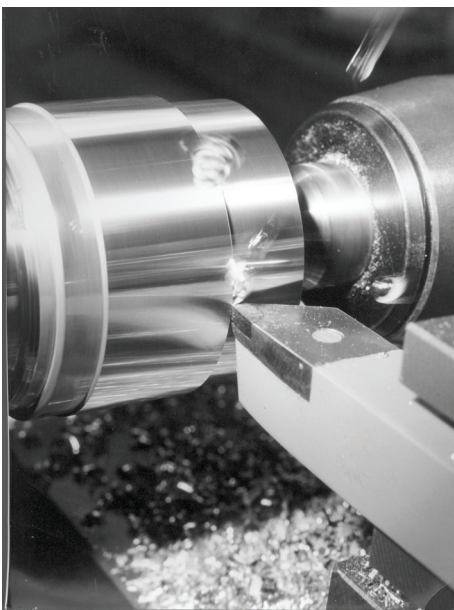


After General Electric had published the first announcements that the new material would allow even for interrupted aluminium cutting, we decided to demonstrate with a "blemished" aluminium round part with several cross bores. Natural diamonds are the hardest of all materials, however very sensitive to shock, especially during interrupted cuts! However, the new material promised not to be affected by this.

Three critical days

Finally, the long-awaited PCD material arrived as 90° and 60° segments which had apparently been cut out from a 3.2 mm blank. The visible PCD diamond layer was about 0.3–0.4 mm thick and connected via a carbide support, so that the cutting edge could be further manipulated by soldering. It was now Friday, exactly three business days before the start of the Hanover Trade Show. I proudly presented the first PCD to Kurt Wagner, manager of our grinding shop and a highly talented diamond grinder who had mastered his art as a diamond specialist at a Swiss manufacturer for diamond tools.

After careful inspection and several grinding attempts on a cast grinding wheel that was apparently used for natural diamonds and coated with diamond dust, he announced: "Sir, usually we do everything, but this stuff is so beastly – there is nothing we can do." I thought, that this was probably the end of it. But then I thought of our Simon steel grinding machine (L15). We had purchased it for our cooperation with Simon, Neu-Isenburg, a distributor of resin and metal bond diamond wheels. I suggested: "Try it with the Simon machine, with the cup wheel."



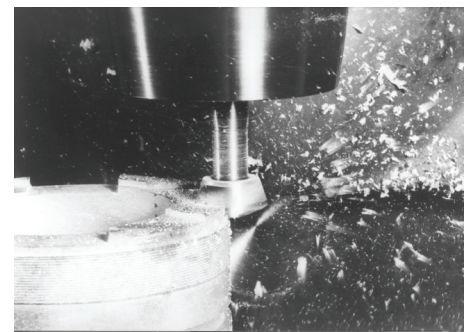
To our great astonishment, the very first grinding attempt with a resin bond diamond grinding wheel proved already to be very promising. However, we still had to spend several hours to get the desired cutting geometry.

At 9.00 am on the first day of the trade show, our driver arrived at our stand and delivered the first PCD tool which would later be known under the trade-marked name "drebord". The driver delivered additional turning steel, on Wednesday and Thursday, until we explained to him that "this stuff will hold long enough, we do not need any more tools."

Our visitors could hardly believe that this "little diamond cutting edge" could machine the perforated aluminium turned part without any "rumbling". We became more and more confident and increased the feed with every attempt making use of the

maximal edge width. We only succeeded to "kill" our PCD cutting edge on the very last day. It could not cut an empty piccolo bottle which we had boastfully inserted.

By the way, the technicians of Kautt & Bux were there as well and very excited about the demonstrations. A first key customer for serial use of drebord PCD tools was found, so Kautt & Bux can boast to be the first company worldwide using polycrystalline diamonds in production.



This was a stroke of luck for LACH DIAMANT, because in the process of turning the surface of copper collectors, we also learned how polycrystalline diamonds can be successfully used with other composite materials. Success followed success and a new era of machining of non-ferrous metals and synthetic materials had begun.

LACH DIAMANT
Jakob Lach GmbH & Co. KG
Tel: 0049 6181 103822
Email: office@lach-diamant.de
www.lach-diamant.de

LACH DIAMANT®

Your Innovative Partner

Reliable, customer-oriented, and ready to provide customized solutions



Head Office and Plant in Hanau near Frankfurt, Germany



Plant in Lichtenau near Chemnitz, Germany

Built in 1997 – expanded in 2007 and 2012 - Plant for polycrystalline diamond and CBN tools (PCD and PCBn)



LACH DIAMANT Innovations

Example: »IC-plus world's best«
PCD chipbreaker - world innovation (pat.) at EMO 2017 - process-reliable from 0,01 mm cutting depth (ap), feed up to maximum cutting edge length. Indispensable for cutting non-ferrous metals in serial production.



LACH DIAMANT Service

Resharpener and regrinding service for all PCD and CBN (PCBn) tools, MCD and CVD, and natural diamonds. Reprofile of diamond and CBN grinding wheels, recoating of electro-plated diamond tools.



LACH DIAMOND INC., Grand Rapids/Michigan/USA

Production and service facility of polycrystalline diamond and CBN tools for the automobile and aviation industries and for the wood, plastic and composite industries.

Jakob Lach GmbH & Co. KG
Donaustr. 17 ·
D-63452 Hanau/Germany
Tel. +49 6181 103 0
Fax +49 6181 103 860
www.lach-diamant.de
office@lach-diamant.de

